

Data Infrastructure: Use Cases and Architecture

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Agenda

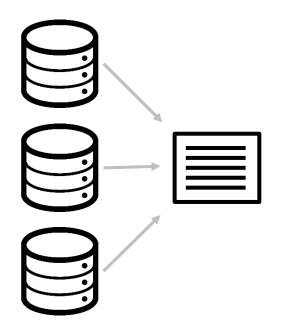
- Data infrastructure use cases
- Architectural choices (within and between)
- Benefits of a strategy

DI Use Case: Move and process data between systems

City database or application City database or application Data "Bus" processes and Mobile device moves data around GPS recorder Anything with a network connection

DI Use Case: Store data for use

City databases and applications







Data warehouse



Data lake



OD portal



Specialized stores



Store data



API



Table views



FTP drop



BI tools



Web connectors



Data cube



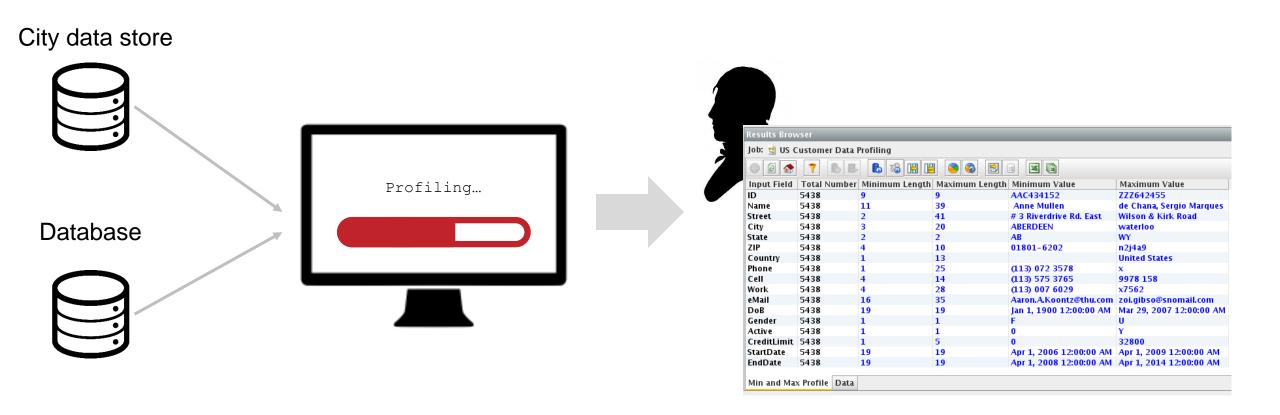
Provide access

Connect and extract data from source systems

Clean and prepare data

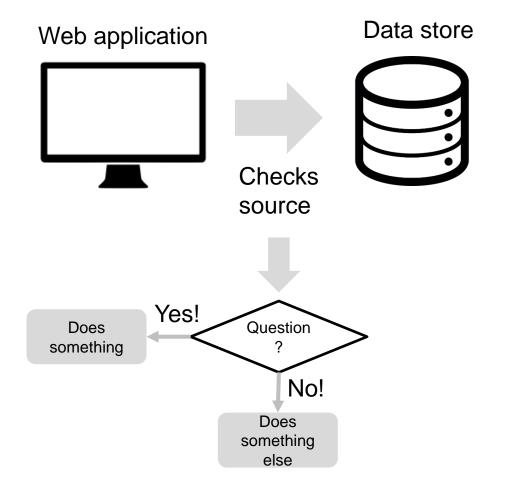


DI Use Case: Monitor data quality



DI Use Case: Consume data from or check against a source

E1 Simple yes/no check

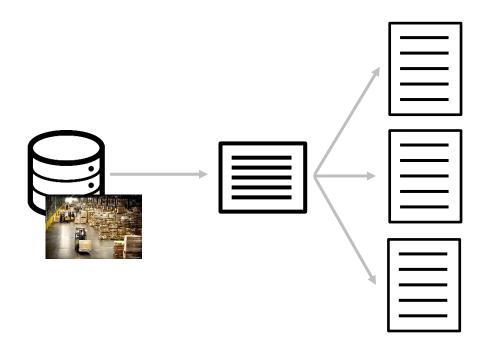


E2 Complex Web application Pushes to Web application Combines data in webstore data store application layer from multiple APIs API 2 API 3 API 1 Web application API Recombined and made into new API Reference Sensor 1 Sensor Sensor 3

data store

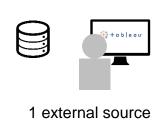
DI Use Case: Visualize data and KPIs, create dashboards

Centrally structured, codified, controlled, slow



Traditional data warehouse

Structured, controlled queries, views Fixed, standard reports 2 Self-service, dynamic, ad hoc, fast









Locally trusted stores

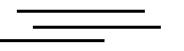
Within each DI use case, there are architectural choices, at a minimum...

Warehoused vs virtualization





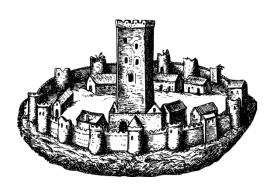
Streaming versus batch





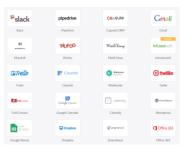


Central versus distributed



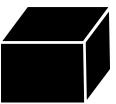






Low versus high volume





Between DI use cases, earlier choices can restrict downstream choices

Warehoused vy virtualization

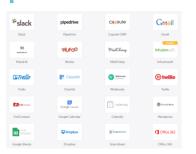










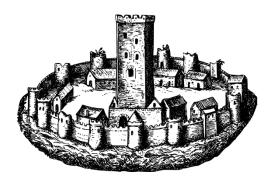


Low versus high volume





Central versus distributed





Right now. We are making choices that will affect our downstream capacity and flexibility.

Why we need a conscious data infrastructure strategy

- Improvements in data consistency and quality
- Faster, easier access to data
- Better controls and security
- Data sharing and interoperability between datasets
- Integrated data across departments
- Faster development of digital and web services
- Data analytics and more advanced data science
- New and novel data services

Benefits to different groups

Audience	Benefit
Developers and IT staff	Decrease in technical and development time to create applications, integrations and services
COIT and department budget staff	Decrease in costs for applications and services
Analysts, data users, ShareSF committee	More time and resources for conducting analysis and evaluation → better services and outcomes
Voters, program staff, executives	Better decisions and services

A possible reference architecture

Governance, Policy, and Privacy Framework	Role Based Access Control	Applications	Open Data Apps and Business Catalog Visualizations Platforms
		Services	Managed APIs Messaging Metadata Platform Geo Services, etc & Services
		Sources for Distribution	Public Data Store Streaming Data Other Specialized Data Stores with APIs, with Public APIs Service etc.
ice, Policy, ar		Dataset Development	Data Preparation, Cleansing and Review
Governan		Connections and Transport	Connectors/Transport Layer
		Original Federated Sources	Oracle DB SQL Server Postgres Etc.

Data, for the love of the City



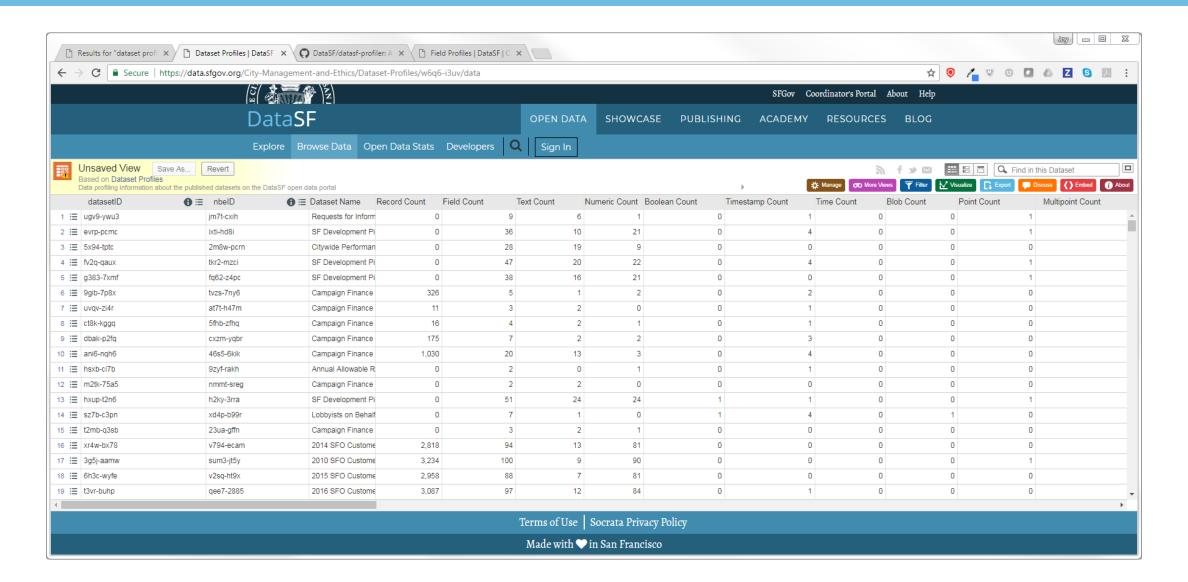
THANK YOU

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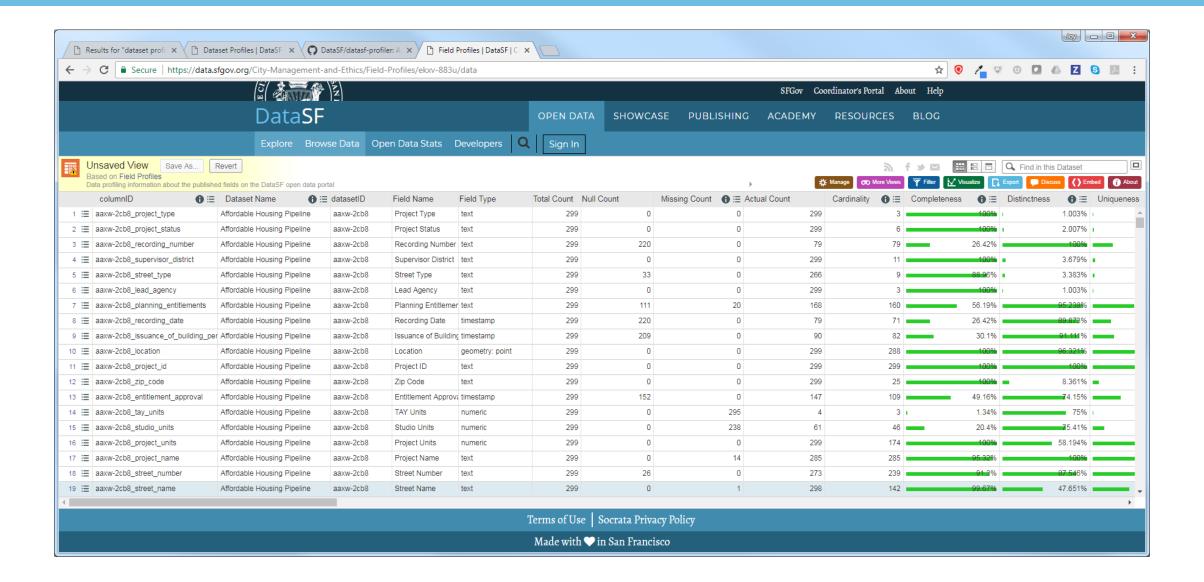
Data profiling



DataSF aside: We've profiled every published dataset



DataSF aside: And every published field



DataSF aside: Profiling scripts are open source and building a dashboard so publishers can easily track

